

Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund

November 2022



FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide income and capital appreciation over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Sukuk globally.

FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	19 April 2021	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	12.42 million units (30 November 2022)	Fund Size	RM 10.98 million (30 November 2022)
Unit NAV	RM0.8843 (30 November 2022)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad	Target Fund	United-i Global Balanced Fund MYR Hedge class
Benchmark	50% S&P Global BMI Shariah Index + 50% Dow Jones Sukuk Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Risk Profile	<p>Suitable for investors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ seek an investment that provides income and capital appreciation; ▪ have a moderate risk tolerance; ▪ want a portfolio of investments that adhere to Shariah principles; and ▪ want to have investment with global exposure. 	Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund. ▪ Up to 1.8% p.a. fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Sukuk & Islamic Money Market Instruments	Shariah-compliant Equities	Others
Min 40%; Max 60%	Min 40%; Max 60%	Remaining Balance

Sun Life Malaysia Takaful Berhad 200501012215 (689263-M)

Level 11, 338 Jalan Tuanku Abdul Rahman, 50100 Kuala Lumpur

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SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)

Technology	16.15%
Consumer Products	10.72%
Health Care	9.82%
Industrial Products	5.63%
Materials	3.28%
Energy	2.06%
Telecommunication Services	2.06%
Real Estate	1.20%
Financials	0.57%
Utilities	0.47%
Total	51.97%

SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND (SUKUK)

Infrastructures & Utilities	18.97%
Government	13.60%
Financials	5.67%
Telecommunication	1.90%
Transportation & Logistics	1.67%
Property & Real Estate	1.65%
Industrial Products	0.88%
Energy	0.68%
Basic Materials	0.19%
Total	45.20%

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION

Equity	51.97%
Bonds	45.20%
Cash	2.83%
Total	100.00%

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (SUKUK)

Bonds Issuer	Coupon	Maturity Date	%
GII MURABAHAH 1/2022	4.193	07/10/32	1.71
GII MURABAHAH 1/2020	3.422	30/09/27	1.67
GII MURABAHAH 2/2020	3.465	15/10/30	1.62
KSA SUKUK	2.969	29/10/29	1.36
SAUDI ELECTRICITY GLOBAL SUKUK	4.723	27/09/28	1.14

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)

MICROSOFT ORD	3.14%
APPLE ORD	2.86%
AMAZON COM ORD	1.91%
ALPHABET CL A ORD	1.16%
UNILEVER ORD	1.02%

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PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into United-i Global Balanced Fund MYR Hedge class ("target fund") with the objective to provide income and capital appreciation over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Sukuk globally.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund versus its benchmark as at 30 November 2022:

%	YTD	1M	3M	6M	1-Years	3-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	-14.50	5.58	-0.72	-1.42	-12.79	N/A	-11.57
Benchmark	-14.48	4.93	-0.29	-2.49	-12.98	N/A	-6.88

* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

Equity

Weak selection in consumer discretionary and consumer staples was partially offset by selection in communication services, utilities and real estate. On a regional basis, strong stock selection in Emerging Markets and North America was partially offset by selection in Developed EU & Middle East ex UK. Within real estate and utilities, our top relative contributors were overweights to KE Holdings and ENN Energy, respectively. Within consumer discretionary and information technology, our top relative detractors were overweights to Amazon.com and Global Payments, respectively. Shares of KE Holdings, an integrated platform for housing transactions and services, rose during the period as the market reacted positively to reports that the Chinese government was easing Covid measures. China did ease its travel quarantine requirements but its zero covid policy remains in-tact. The Chinese government also provided support for the housing sector by allowing banks to lend more to property developers. Shares of Amazon ended the period lower as investors reacted to the e-commerce giant's disappointing third quarter earnings and downgraded fourth quarter forecast, announced in October. Amazon is confronting soaring inflation, rising interest rates, and a slowdown in their core retail business as customers return to stores. The company has been forced to scale back after expanding during the pandemic and has begun layoffs.

Sukuk

The US Fed raised the fed funds rate by 75 bps for a fourth consecutive time to 3.75-4.00% in November. Minutes of the November FOMC meeting highlighted that the committee is supportive of a near term slowing of the pace of rate hikes and the terminal rate is expected to reach higher level than officials projected in September amid higher and more persistent service sector inflation. Market is expecting a slower pace of 50 bps rate hike in the forthcoming FOMC meeting in December. The sukuk sleeves outperform its benchmark by 195 bps, mainly driven by Government National and Industrial sector selection. These sector selections were focusing on MYR Malaysia Government Sukuks as well as Indon Government Sukuk-IDR. We continue to favour Government National and Government Agency sector, as we believe these sectors have the potential value for any recovery in the sukuk space.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

General market environment Risk

Market risk refers to the possibility that an investment will lose value because of a general decline in financial markets, due to economic, political and/or other factors, which will result in a decline in the target fund's NAV.

Inflation Risk

This is the risk that your investment in the target fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.

Manager's Risk

This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the target fund by UOBAM which will impact the performance of the target fund, e.g. investment decisions undertaken by UOBAM as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error or weakness in operational process and systems may adversely affect the performance of the target fund.

Reclassification of Shariah non-compliant status Risk

This risk refers to the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant securities in the target fund may be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia (SACSC), the Shariah adviser or the Shariah boards of the relevant Islamic indices. There may be opportunity loss to the target fund due to the target fund not being allowed to retain the excess gains derived from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities. In the event the Shariah non-compliant securities are disposed at a price lower than the investment cost, it may adversely affect the value of the target fund. Thus, it may cause the NAV of the target fund to fall.

Credit and Default Risk

Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or financial institutions where the Islamic deposits are placed and their expected ability to make timely payment of profit and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and /or financial institutions where the Islamic deposits are placed may impact the value as well as liquidity of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or Islamic deposits. In the case of rated Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and financial institutions, this may lead to a credit downgrade.

Default risk relates to the risk that an issuer of a Sukuk, Islamic money market instrument or a financial institution where the Islamic deposits are placed either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits. This could adversely affect the NAV of the target fund.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments. When interest rates rise, Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the target fund's investment in Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments. The reverse may apply when interest rates fall. Meanwhile, Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments with longer maturities and lower profit rates are more sensitive to interest rate changes.

RISKS (CONTINUED)

Equity Risk

As the target fund will be investing in Shariah-compliant equities, the target fund will be affected by equity risk. Generally, equity risk may arise in the following forms, i.e., equity risks related to external factors and equity risks related to company-specific factors. All of these related equity risks can adversely affect the prices of equities, which would negatively impact the performance of the target fund.

Country Risk

The target fund is also subject to country risk. The value of the assets of the target fund may also be affected by the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund may invest in. Further, when investing in foreign markets, there are countries which may require prior approvals before investments can take place.

Source : UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad
Date : 30 November 2022

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of contributions paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.