

FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide investors with an opportunity to gain consistent and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of dividend yielding equities and fixed income securities. The Fund may also provide moderate capital growth potential over the medium to long-term period.

FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	20 May 2014	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	5.98 million units (31 December 2020)	Fund Size	RM9.66 million (31 December 2020)
Unit NAV	RM1.6155 (31 December 2020)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Target Fund	Principal Titans Income Plus Fund
Benchmark	50% FBM100 Index + 50% MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Risk Profile	Suitable for investors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Have a medium to long-term investment horizon ▪ Target capital appreciation ▪ Do not require regular income ▪ Comfortable with higher volatility ▪ Willing to take higher risk for potential higher gains 	Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Equity Income Fund. ▪ Up to 1.5% per annum of fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by Principal Asset Management Berhad.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Equities (Foreign)	Equities (Local)	Cash
61.59%	29.74%	8.67%

SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Consumer Discretionary	14.88%
Information Technology	13.60%
Financials	11.52%
Communication Services	11.03%
Industrials	10.92%
Consumer Staples	7.95%
Energy	6.58%
Materials	6.50%
Health Care	5.07%
Utilities	2.17%
Real Estate	1.11%
Cash	8.67%
Total	100.00%

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND

SEA LTD (United States)	4.27%
Tencent Hldg Ltd (Hong Kong)	3.58%
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd (South Korea)	3.35%
LG Chem Ltd (South Korea)	3.27%
Taiwan Semiconductor Manuf (Taiwan)	3.06%
New Oriental Education & Techn APAC (Hong Kong)	2.67%
Tenaga Nasional Bhd (Malaysia)	2.17%
Budweiser Brewing Company APAC (Hong Kong)	2.09%
Genting Bhd (Malaysia)	2.04%
AIA Group Ltd (Hong Kong)	2.01%
Total	28.51%

PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Principal Titans Income Plus Fund ("target fund") with the objective to provide investors with an opportunity to gain consistent and stable income by investing in a diversified portfolio of dividend yielding equities and fixed income securities. The Fund may also provide moderate capital growth potential over the medium to long-term period.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Equity Income Fund versus its benchmark as at 31 December 2020:

%	YTD	1M	6M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	16.47	5.44	23.25	16.47	16.90	50.91	61.55
Benchmark	11.84	4.45	16.21	11.84	4.05	27.00	33.17

* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

In December, the fund rose +5.44% in MYR terms, outperforming the benchmark by +99bps. Year-to-date the Fund rose +16.47%, outperforming the Benchmark by +463bps. The outperformance of the month was driven by health care, consumer goods and consumer services.

The FTSE Bursa Malaysia Composite Index ("KLCI") ended the month higher by 6.5% MoM. Positive catalysts for the market were the successful test trials of several covid19 vaccines and passing of the 2020 Budget. Sector wise, Energy +24.0%, Transport +15.7% Finance +15.0% were the top performers for the month. With major uncertainties (US Presidential Election and Malaysia Budget 2021) are now being addressed and cheap valuations, we are now cautiously optimistic for 1H2021. Earlier hope for rapid recovery in 4Q2020 may be dented (due to resurgence of COVID-19 globally) but we are now confident of a sustainable economic recovery in 1H2021. Sector in focus for will be on Bank and Financial Services, Gaming, Consumer, Technology and Commodity-related.

Asia: We expect the global economy to continue its recovery trajectory. In 2021, the availability of vaccines will increase and this lends support to stronger markets in Asia as expectations of earnings recovery build. China, being the first one out of the pandemic, will continue to post strong GDP growth on the back of resilient domestic consumption and global trade resumption in 2021.

We rate Asian equities a BUY over a 12-month horizon. We remain positive on China and the more developed Asian economies. We are also starting to increase exposure to emerging markets such as India and Indonesia as growth broadens out. Our stock investments are geared towards companies benefiting from structural growth drivers such as internet platforms, datacenters, electrification of vehicles and quality companies which are long-term winners with favorable supply discipline, little competition, or possess significant brand equity.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Stock specific risk	Prices of a particular stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such stock will adversely affect the target fund's NAV.
Credit and default risk	The target fund will be exposed to a certain degree of credit and default risk of issuers or counterparties when the target fund invests in debt securities, money market instruments and/or place deposits. Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the securities issuers or counterparties and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuers or counterparties may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investments. In the case of rated debt securities, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk that a securities issuer or counterparty either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investments. This could adversely affect the value of the target fund. We aim to mitigate this risk by performing bottom-up and top-down credit research and analysis to determine the creditworthiness of its issuers or counterparties, and impose investment limits on exposures for issuers or counterparties with different credit profiles as a precautionary step to limit any loss that may arise directly or indirectly as a result of a defaulted transaction.
Interest rate risk	Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of debt instruments and money market instruments. When interest rates rise, debt instruments and money market instruments prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the target fund's investment in debt instruments and money market instruments. In managing the debt instruments, we take into account the coupon rate and time to maturity of the debt instruments with an aim to mitigate the interest rate risk. As for money market instruments, the typical tenor of these instruments are less than 12-month maturity and unlike debt instrument, any change to interest rate will only have a minor impact to the prices of these instruments.
Country risk	Investments of the target fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund invests in. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the target fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the target fund or price of units to fall.

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<p>Currency risk</p>	<p>As the investments of the target fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the target fund, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency of the target fund and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should be aware that if the currencies in which the investments are denominated depreciate against the base currency of the target fund, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the target fund in the base currency of the target fund and vice versa. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.</p>
<p>Risk of investing in emerging markets</p>	<p>In comparison with investments in the developed markets, investment in emerging markets may involve a higher degree of risk due to the greater possibility of political or economic instability and societal tensions. Emerging markets are markets that are, by definition, "in a state of transition" and are therefore exposed to rapid political change and economic declines. The securities in the emerging markets may face a higher risk of price drop while the exchange rates in these emerging markets are generally more volatile than those of developed markets. As such, you should be aware that investments in emerging markets may subject to higher price volatility and therefore will tend to have a higher investment risk that will affect the target fund's growth. We attempt to mitigate these risks through active asset allocation management and diversification across different countries and sectors, in addition to our continuous bottom-up and top-down research and analysis.</p>
<p>Risks associated with investment in warrants</p>	<p>There are inherent risks associated with investment in warrants. The value of warrants is influenced by the current market price of the underlying security, the exercise price of the contract, the time to expiration of the contract and the estimate of the future volatility of the underlying security's price over the life of the contract. Generally, the erosion in value of warrants accelerates as it approaches its expiry date. Like securities, we will undertake fundamental research and analysis on these instruments with an aim to mitigate its risks.</p>

Source : *Principal Asset Management Bhd*
Date : *31 December 2020*

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.