

Sun Life Malaysia Balanced Moderate Fund

August 2023



FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide a balanced exposure into equities and bonds.

FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	20 October 2008	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	10.29 million units (30 August 2023)	Fund Size	RM19.97 million (30 August 2023)
Unit NAV	RM1.9409 (30 August 2023)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	Principal Asset Management Bhd	Benchmark	50% FBM100 + 50% 12 month FD
Taxation	8% of annual investment income	Other Charges	Inclusive of auditor fee
Risk Profile	<p>Suitable for investors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Want a balanced portfolio between equities and bonds Are risk neutral between bonds and equities 	Fees	<p>The fund will feed into Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund and Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund which applies the following fund management charges:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund: 1.5% p.a. Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund: 1.0% p.a. There are no other fund management charges on this fund

ASSET ALLOCATION

Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund	Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund
50.00%	50.00%

WHERE THE FUND INVESTS

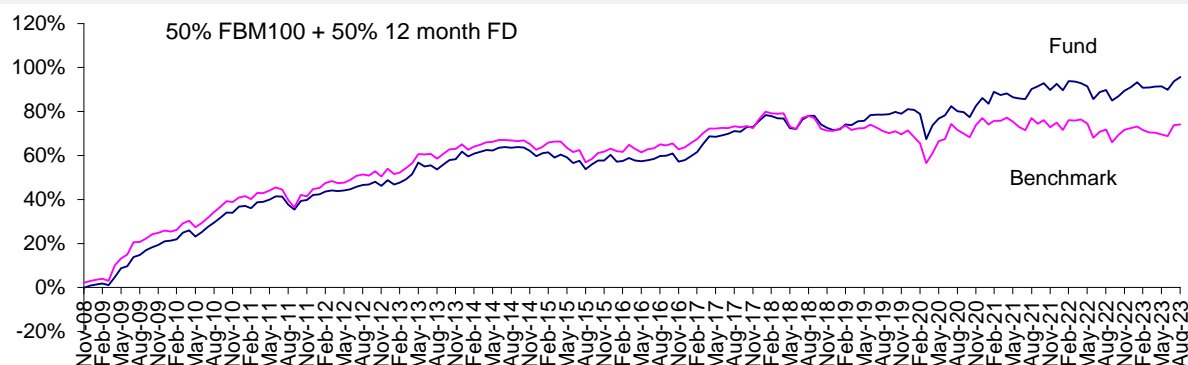
Sun Life Malaysia Conservative Fund	Sun Life Malaysia Growth Fund	Cash	Total
49.62%	50.38%	0.00%	100.00%

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PERFORMANCE RECORD



%	YTD	1M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	10-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	2.43	1.04	3.15	8.64	9.91	28.04	95.69
Benchmark	0.97	0.22	1.36	1.48	-2.21	9.83	74.14

* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

In August 2023, the Fund's performance increased by 1.04%, outperforming the benchmark by 0.82%.

The market took a pause following a dizzying rally the previous month, down 7.5pts or 0.51% in August. That said, we saw decent gains in Financials, Utilities and Materials. Within the broader market, we saw huge interest in Property, Construction and Transport. Sentiment was dampened by rebound in the US dollar and rising US treasury yields on expectations of further interest rate hikes in the US as economic data points remain strong.

Malaysia's PMI reading for July was 47.8pts, a slight improvement versus June. According to S&P Global, The Malaysian manufacturing sector continued to indicate sustained weakness in operating conditions in July. New order intakes moderated to the greatest extent for six months, while production levels continued to be scaled back, indicating that the sector still has some way to go before demand recovers fully. Input price inflation accelerated for the fourth month in a row to reach the highest since February, while firms looked to reduce workforce to manage costs. Manufacturers remained hopeful that demand conditions would normalize, albeit sentiment has weakened further.

BNM kept OPR unchanged at 3.00% despite mounting pressures to intervene given the Ringgit weakness, but may pause for the rest of the year. Inflation eased further with June's CPI reading at 2.4% vs 2.8% in May, now undershooting BNM's target of 2.8-3.8% for 2023.

The Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yield curve steepened in August, with the longer-end tenors adjusting higher tracking the movements in US Treasuries (UST) and amidst the repricing from the auction which featured a couple of longer duration bonds during the month. During the month, the MGII yield curve also steepened in line with the movements in the MGS yield curve. The 3-, 5-, 7-, 10-, 15-, 20- and 30-year benchmarks closed at 3.48% (-2bps), 3.63% (unchg.), 3.77% (-2bps), 3.85% (+1bp), 4.06% (+2bps), 4.17% (+5bp) and 4.29% (+6bps) respectively in August 2023. The YTD MGS yield curve bull flattened as the longer end shifted lower.

Malaysia's 2Q23 real GDP growth slowed to +2.9% YoY (cons: +3.3%; 1Q23: +5.6%) as growth in services and construction decelerated to +4.7% (1Q: +7.3%) and +6.2% (1Q: +7.4%), while manufacturing remained flat at +0.1% (1Q: +3.2%) and both agriculture and mining contracted at -1.1% (1Q: +1.0%) and -2.3% (1Q: +2.4%), respectively. The growth in domestic demand remained firm at +4.5% (1Q: +4.6%), as the rebound in public expenditure offset slower private expenditure. Net external demand declined by -3.7% (1Q: +54.5%) on further and larger declines in both exports and imports.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Market risk	<p>Market risk is the risk of negative movement that affects the price of all assets in a particular capital market. The factors influencing the performance of the markets include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Economic and financial market conditions• Political change• Broad investor sentiment• Movements in interest rate and inflation• Currency risks <p>Stock and/or securities values fluctuate in response to the activities and performance of individual companies and general market or economic conditions. Such movements in the underlying values of the share of the investment portfolio will cause the NAV or prices of units to fall as well as rise. Market risk is mitigated through careful selection of securities and diversification through spreading of risk across a basket of assets and/or sectors.</p>
Interest rate risk	<p>Interest rates are inclined to fluctuate over time. A rise in the general level of interest rates will result in a decline of the value of all bonds and fixed interest securities. Hence a bond fund's NAV will most probably decrease with the rise of interest rates. Maintaining an appropriate diverse mix of assets with different yield and maturity profiles will lessen the impact of interest rate risk.</p>
Liquidity risk	<p>Liquidity risk is defined as the ease with which a security can be sold at or near its fair value depending on the volumes traded on the market. Liquidity risk is mitigated through the selection of stocks with an active trading volume in the open market. This ensures that exit strategies can be executed with little/minimal impacts to price fluctuations.</p>
Company or security specific risk	<p>There are many specific risks, which apply to individual companies or securities. Examples include the possible effect on a company of losing a key executive or the unforeseen entry of a new competitor into the market. The risk is mitigated by conducting in-house periodic reviews and analysis. In-house analysis is then supplemented by periodic reviews from rating agencies and market analysts.</p>
Credit risk	<p>Credit risk refers to an issuer's ability to make timely payments of profit and principal. In the event that the issuer of the instrument is faced with financial difficulties, leading to a decrease in their credit worthiness (i.e Bond prices will change/drop in the event of rating downgrade) and default in the payment of profit and principal, the value of the fund may be adversely affected. Credit risk is mitigated by conducting in-house periodic reviews and analysis. In-house analysis is then supplemented by periodic reviews from rating agencies and market analysts.</p>

Source : Principal Asset Management Bhd
Date : 30 August 2023

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.