

Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund

December 2022



FUND OBJECTIVE

To provide income and capital appreciation over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Sukuk globally.

FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	19 April 2021	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	12.00 million units (30 December 2022)	Fund Size	RM 10.38 million (30 December 2022)
Unit NAV	RM0.8655 (30 December 2022)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad	Target Fund	United-i Global Balanced Fund MYR Hedge class
Benchmark	50% S&P Global BMI Shariah Index + 50% Dow Jones Sukuk Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Risk Profile	<p>Suitable for investors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ seek an investment that provides income and capital appreciation; ▪ have a moderate risk tolerance; ▪ want a portfolio of investments that adhere to Shariah principles; and ▪ want to have investment with global exposure. 	Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund. ▪ Up to 1.8% p.a. fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Sukuk & Islamic Money Market Instruments	Shariah-compliant Equities	Others
Min 40%; Max 60%	Min 40%; Max 60%	Remaining Balance

Sun Life Malaysia Takaful Berhad 200501012215 (689263-M)

Level 11, 338 Jalan Tuanku Abdul Rahman, 50100 Kuala Lumpur

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SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)

Technology	14.72%
Consumer Products	10.46%
Health Care	9.86%
Industrial Products	5.69%
Materials	3.15%
Telecommunication Services	2.08%
Energy	1.99%
Real Estate	1.10%
Financials	0.55%
Utilities	0.44%
Total	50.04%

SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND (SUKUK)

Infrastructures & Utilities	19.58%
Government	14.07%
Financials	5.87%
Telecommunication	1.98%
Transportation & Logistics	1.74%
Property & Real Estate	1.71%
Industrial Products	0.93%
Energy	0.69%
Basic Materials	0.19%
Total	46.76%

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION

Equity	50.04%
Bonds	46.76%
Cash	3.20%
Total	100.00%

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (SUKUK)

Bonds Issuer	Coupon	Maturity Date	%
GII MURABAHAH 1/2022	4.193	7/10/32	1.78
GII MURABAHAH 1/2020	3.422	30/9/27	1.74
GII MURABAHAH 2/2020	3.465	15/10/30	1.7
KSA SUKUK	2.969	29/10/29	1.41
SAUDI ELECTRICITY GLOBAL SUKUK	4.723	27/9/28	1.17

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)

MICROSOFT ORD	3.00%
APPLE ORD	2.45%
AMAZON COM ORD	1.69%
UNILEVER ORD	1.06%
ALPHABET CL A ORD	1.03%

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PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into United-*i* Global Balanced Fund MYR hedged Class ("target fund") with the objective to provide income and capital appreciation over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Sukuk globally.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Islamic Global Balanced Fund versus its benchmark as at 30 December 2022:

%	YTD	1M	3M	6M	1-Years	3-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	-16.32	-2.13	4.34	1.13	-16.32	N/A	-13.45
Benchmark	-16.26	-2.08	4.63	0.18	-16.26	N/A	-8.82

* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

Equity

Weak selection in information technology, consumer staples and consumer discretionary was partially offset by selection in industrials and communication services. On a regional basis, strong stock selection in North America and United Kingdom was partially offset by selection in Developed EU & Middle East ex UK.

Within industrials and health care, our top relative contributors were overweights to Airbus and AstraZeneca, respectively. Within information technology and real estate, our top relative detractors were overweights to ON Semiconductor and KE Holdings, respectively. The share price of Airbus, a leading airplane manufacturer, rose despite continued supply chain challenges. While the company announced the 2022 target to deliver 700 commercial aircrafts is now unattainable, management held financial guidance steady for adjusted EBIT and organic free cash flow. As of November 2022, Airbus had a backlog of 7,344 aircrafts. Shares of ON Semiconductor fell over the period after the Federal Reserve (Fed) announced an additional rate increase, raising its benchmark interest rate to its highest level in 15 years. Fed officials indicated they expect to keep rates higher through 2023, prompting fears of a recession.

Sukuk

As widely expected, the FOMC reduced the pace of rate hike to 50bps from 75bps, lifting the federal funds rate to 4.25%-4.50% in December. The tone from the monetary policy statement and Fed Chair Powell's press conference suggested a hawkish tilt in the Fed's interest rate trajectory. The median 2023 dot plot indicates that fed funds rate would end 2023 at 5.1%, 50 bps higher than the September projection, before reducing to 4.1% in 2024. Powell pushed back against bets that the Fed would reverse course in 2023 and instead reiterated that it would require to maintain a restrictive policy stance for some time. The rally in sukuk driven by Fed hawkish tilt, contribute to strong performance in December. Market pricing for recession in 2023 grew stronger. Strong selection in Industrial and Government National contribute to the out performance. In MYR space, driven by stronger currency performance, the MGII10/30 and AAA Sarawak Petrochemical contribute sturdily whereas the detractors coming from the USD space, the ultra-long duration Government Agency like Saudi Electric Company 2044 as well Perusahaan Penerbitan 2027 maturity which underperform the respective benchmark sectors. Overall, the sukuk sleeves outperformed the benchmark for the month of December by 15bps. We will continue remain defensive in our portfolio strategy to ensure desirable return to the portfolio.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

General market environment Risk

Market risk refers to the possibility that an investment will lose value because of a general decline in financial markets, due to economic, political and/or other factors, which will result in a decline in the target fund's NAV.

Inflation Risk

This is the risk that your investment in the target fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.

Manager's Risk

This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the target fund by UOBAM which will impact the performance of the target fund, e.g. investment decisions undertaken by UOBAM as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error or weakness in operational process and systems may adversely affect the performance of the target fund.

Reclassification of Shariah non-compliant status Risk

This risk refers to the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant securities in the target fund may be reclassified as Shariah non-compliant in the periodic review of the securities by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia (SACSC), the Shariah adviser or the Shariah boards of the relevant Islamic indices. There may be opportunity loss to the target fund due to the target fund not being allowed to retain the excess gains derived from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities. In the event the Shariah non-compliant securities are disposed at a price lower than the investment cost, it may adversely affect the value of the target fund. Thus, it may cause the NAV of the target fund to fall.

Credit and Default Risk

Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or financial institutions where the Islamic deposits are placed and their expected ability to make timely payment of profit and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and /or financial institutions where the Islamic deposits are placed may impact the value as well as liquidity of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or Islamic deposits. In the case of rated Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and financial institutions, this may lead to a credit downgrade.

Default risk relates to the risk that an issuer of a Sukuk, Islamic money market instrument or a financial institution where the Islamic deposits are placed either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and Islamic deposits. This could adversely affect the NAV of the target fund.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments. When interest rates rise, Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the target fund's investment in Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments. The reverse may apply when interest rates fall. Meanwhile, Sukuk and/or Islamic money market instruments with longer maturities and lower profit rates are more sensitive to interest rate changes.

RISKS (CONTINUED)

Equity Risk

As the target fund will be investing in Shariah-compliant equities, the target fund will be affected by equity risk. Generally, equity risk may arise in the following forms, i.e., equity risks related to external factors and equity risks related to company-specific factors. All of these related equity risks can adversely affect the prices of equities, which would negatively impact the performance of the target fund.

Country Risk

The target fund is also subject to country risk. The value of the assets of the target fund may also be affected by the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund may invest in. Further, when investing in foreign markets, there are countries which may require prior approvals before investments can take place.

Source : UOB Asset Management (Malaysia) Berhad
Date : 30 December 2022

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of contributions paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.