

# Sun Life Malaysia

## Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund

November 2024



### FUND OBJECTIVE

To achieve capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in Asia (ex Japan) equities.

### INVESTMENT STRATEGY & APPROACH

Please refer to the Master Fund Fact Sheets at <https://www.sunlifemalaysia.com/insurance-and-takaful/investment-linked-fund/yearly-fund-fact-sheet/> for more information on the Investment Strategy and Approach for the target fund.

### FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	20 May 2014	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	15.59 million units (29 November 2024)	Fund Size	RM23.13 million (29 November 2024)
Unit NAV	RM1.4836 (29 November 2024)	Target Fund	AHAM Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund (Quantum Fund)
Fund Manager	AHAM Asset Management Berhad	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Performance Benchmark	MSCI AC Asia (ex-Japan) Small Cap Index	Frequency and Basis of Unit Valuation	The unit price is determined daily based on value of the holdings in the target fund, net of expenses, divided by the total number of units in that fund
Target Market	Suitable for investors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Have a medium to long term investment horizon</li><li>Are risk tolerance</li><li>Are seeking higher returns for their investments compared to the performance benchmark</li></ul>	Fund Management Charge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund</li><li>Up to 1.5% p.a. of fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by AHAM Asset Management Berhad</li></ul>

### ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Equities	Cash
Minimum 70% of Net Asset Value (NAV)	Balance of fund

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## SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Consumer Discretionary	23.80%
Technology	22.50%
Health Care	16.70%
Industrials	12.00%
Real Estate	5.60%
Financial Services	4.80%
Consumer Staples	2.70%
Banks	1.50%
Basic Materials	1.20%

## TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES)

Hugel Inc	7.30%
GT Capital Holdings Inc	5.60%
Siam Wellness Group	5.40%
Zhihu Inc	5.00%
Aeon Credit Service M Bhd	4.80%
Grand Venture Technology Ltd	4.50%
Frontken Corp Bhd	4.40%
Medlive Technology Co Ltd	4.40%
Capital A Berhad	4.00%
Eugene Technology Company Ltd	3.80%
<b>Total</b>	<b>49.10%</b>

## PERFORMANCE RECORD

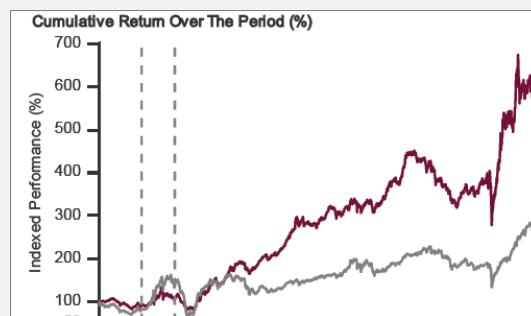
The Fund feeds into AHAM Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund (“target fund”) with the objective of achieving capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in Asia (ex Japan) equities with market capitalization of not more than USD1.5 billion at the time of investment. However, the target fund would also have an option to invest into companies with a market capitalization of not more than USD3.0 billion at the time of investment, which will be capped at no more than 30% of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the target fund.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Select Asia (ex Japan) Quantum Fund versus its benchmark as at 29 November 2024:

%	YTD	1M	6M	1-Year	3-Years	5-Years	Since Inception
<b>Fund*</b>	-11.10	-1.05	-7.38	-13.34	-16.25	23.10	48.36
<b>Benchmark</b>	2.40	-0.87	-3.97	4.71	6.48	57.90	84.90

\* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Below shows the historical performance of the underlying collective investment schemes (CIS) for calendar year returns:



Source: [www.morningstar.com](http://www.morningstar.com)

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#### FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

- The S&P 500 surged by 5.73% in November, fueled by optimism following Donald Trump's election victory. Anticipated market-friendly policies contributed to the rally. Investors were further reassured by the nomination of Scott Bessent as Treasury Secretary, known for his fiscal prudence. His moderate stance on tariffs and emphasis on deficit reduction, coupled with a target of achieving 3% GDP growth by 2028, helped temper inflationary concerns and bolster confidence.
- The U.S. Treasury market saw significant fluctuations post-election. The benchmark 10-year Treasury yield spiked to 4.47% before easing to 4.17% by the end of the month as the Federal Reserve struck a dovish tone, reiterating its data-dependent approach. Meanwhile, Core PCE inflation reached 2.8% y-o-y, its highest level since April 2024 but significantly below the 2022 peak of ~6%. This suggests limited impact on the Fed's policy direction ahead of its December FOMC meeting.
- In Asia, markets were under pressure, with the MSCI Asia ex-Japan index dropping 3.36% amid concerns over potential trade conflicts and a stronger U.S. dollar under Trump's presidency. Emerging markets (excluding China) experienced \$16 billion in foreign outflows, with Indonesia and the Philippines suffering 6–7% declines. In China, the MSCI China index fell 4.40%, as investors were unimpressed by a 10 trillion renminbi debt package aimed at easing local government financial strains, viewing it as insufficient given potential trade tensions.
- Malaysia's market proved resilient, with the KLCI index posting a modest 0.47% gain. Malaysia's economic fundamentals remained strong, with GDP expanding 5.3% y-o-y in 3Q2024 and YTD growth at 5.2%, although inflation risks linger as subsidy adjustments loom. Bank Negara Malaysia held the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) steady at 3.00%, emphasizing ample buffers to manage currency volatility.

#### STRATEGY:

- The funds return was -1.9% against the benchmark return of -0.9%. The biggest detractor were coming from export countries like Taiwan, South Korea and Philippines, which saw market outflows due to potential Trump tariffs.
- China + HK exposure was a positive for the month, as the holdings were domestic driven companies which are relatively unaffected by Trump winning the election, and the impact from Tariff would be relatively muted on the holdings.
- Instead stock specific like Medlive performed over the month, as the company saw less negative news flow from China's anti-corruption movement which has helped investor sentiment. The manager continues to like the company given the spending recovery in healthcare.
- As for the South Korea, the manager views that the recent drastic moves by President Yoon might introduce some volatility, but focus should be on Trump's policies and tariffs once he is in office, which might significantly impact exporters.
- Meanwhile Malaysia performance was relatively flat over the month and continue to hold its position, with exception of Hiap Teck, which the fund has exited the position given oversupply of steel which might affect steel price and the companies earnings.
- Fund Manager thesis on cyclical recovery in semiconductor demand remains intact as Ai chips related demand remain robust with ROI for AI Capex is still high.
- The fund currently holds around 9% cash, which the fund manager might deploy in the event of any market weakness or to capture better opportunity.

## RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

<b>Market risk</b>	Market risk refers to the possibility that an investment will lose value because of a general decline in financial markets, due to economic, political and/or other factors, which will result in a decline in the target fund's NAV.
<b>Stock specific risk</b>	Prices of a particular stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such stock will adversely affect the target fund's NAV.
<b>Credit and default risk</b>	Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the debentures or money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment") and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuers may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investment. In the case of rated investment, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk of an issuer of the investment either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investment. This could adversely affect the value of the target fund.
<b>Interest rate risk</b>	This risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of debentures or money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment"). When interest rates rise, the investment prices generally decline and this may lower the market value of the investment. The reverse may apply when interest rates fall.
<b>Warrants investment risk</b>	The value of the warrants will depend on the pricing of the underlying security, whereby the growth and performance prospect of the underlying security would consequentially affect the value of the warrants. In addition, the value of the warrants may decrease exponentially as the warrants approach its maturity date and the potential gains from a favourable price movement of the underlying security may be offset by aggressive time decay. We may consider unwinding these warrants if there are material adverse changes to its value with the aim to mitigate the risk.
<b>Country risk</b>	Investments of the target fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the target fund invests. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the target fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the target fund or prices of units to fall.

## RISKS (CONTINUED)

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

<b>Currency risk</b>	<p>As the investments of the target fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.</p> <p><u>Currency risk at the target fund level</u> The impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the target fund and the currency of the underlying investments (other than in MYR) may result in a depreciation of the value of the investments as expressed in the base currency of the target fund.</p>
<b>Regulatory risk</b>	<p>The investments of the target fund would be exposed to changes in the laws and regulations in the countries the target fund is invested in. These regulatory changes pose a risk to the target fund as it may materially impact the investments of the target fund. In an effort to manage and mitigate such risk, the fund manager seeks to continuously keep abreast of regulatory developments (for example, by closely monitoring announcements on regulators' website and mainstream media) in that country. The fund manager may dispose its investments in that particular country should the regulatory changes adversely impact the policy owners' interest or diminish returns of the target fund.</p>

Source : AHAM Asset Management Berhad

Date : 29 November 2024

### Disclaimer:

This is strictly the performance of the investment fund, and not the returns earned on the actual premiums paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.