

FUND OBJECTIVE

To achieve long term capital growth through investment in a relatively concentrated, actively managed portfolio of global equity securities issued by companies with a high overall positive impact on society.

FUND DETAILS

Launch Date	21 July 2021	Domicile	Malaysia
Currency	Ringgit Malaysia	Launch Price	RM1.0000
Units in Circulation	10.43 million units (31 March 2022)	Fund Size	RM10.25 million (31 March 2022)
Unit NAV	RM0.9824 (31 March 2022)	Dealing	Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day)
Fund Manager	Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Target Fund	Nomura Global Sustainable Equity Fund
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index	Taxation	8% of annual investment income
Risk Profile	<p>Suitable for investors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ are seeking long term capital growth; ▪ want a portfolio of investments that provides positive impact on the sustainable development of society; ▪ want to have portfolio with global exposure; or ▪ are prepared to accept moderate level of volatility. 	Fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia Global Sustainable Fund. ▪ Up to 1.6% p.a. fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Equity Fund	Cash and Others
99.41%	0.59%

SECTOR ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND

Health Care	27.85%
Information Technology	27.02%
Industrials	11.68%
Financials	10.50%
Utilities	7.60%
Communication Services	6.52%
Materials	3.92%
Consumer Staples	3.72%
Cash	1.19%

TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND

Novo Nordisk A/S Class B	4.26%
Microsoft Corporation	3.92%
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.	3.79%
Alphabet Inc. Class A	3.78%
Johnson Controls International plc	3.67%

PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Nomura Global Sustainable Equity Fund ("target fund") with the objective to achieve long-term capital growth through investment in a relatively concentrated, actively managed portfolio of global equity securities issued by companies with a high overall positive impact on society.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia Global Sustainable Fund versus its benchmark as at 31 March 2022:

%	YTD	1M	3M	6M	1-Year	3-Years	Since Inception
Fund*	-4.42	3.41	-4.42	-1.76	N/A	N/A	-1.76
Benchmark	-4.86	2.09	-4.86	0.73	N/A	N/A	0.03

* Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.

FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

The outperformance of the Target Fund was driven by allocation with Healthcare performing strongly over the month as investors rotated into more defensive sectors. Stock selection was robust within Financials though this was offset by weaker selection across Industrials and Technology. Interest rates rose sharply over the month with the US ten year increasing from 1.85% to 2.35% as the Federal Reserve ("Fed") increased the federal funds rate for the first time since 2018 and commentary became even more hawkish around the need to tackle inflation. Value very strongly outperformed Growth in the first half, however Growth subsequently rallied back strongly following the Fed's move suggesting somewhat of an effect of 'sell the rumour buy the news' and increased concerns over the potential for a recession leading to the outperformance of stocks that are less exposed to the economic cycle.

Impact Focus: The strategy has held a material position in Johnson & Johnson (JNJ) since its inception as the Target Fund Manager has viewed the total impact of the company as strong enough to hold on sustainability grounds, tracking in particular the number of patients reached through access strategies. The company has suffered controversies in the past in relation to legacy operations and also within its MedTech business however on assessment of these and in the context of total impact of the company given its size and commitment to corporate social responsibility, the Target Fund Manager has viewed the company as still meriting a position as a core holding. The Target Fund Manager also note its efforts to develop and distribute a COVID vaccine. However, the Target Fund Manager has been disappointed by recent actions the company has sought to take in ongoing litigation by the talc lawsuits. Whilst within their legal rights to pursue bankruptcy via the Texas-two-step process, the Target Fund Manager think pursuing these measures reduce JNJ's compatibility with the Target Fund Manager's sustainability funds. The Target Fund Manager fear JNJ's approach could encourage other companies to litigate their way out of liabilities that, in turn, could reduce the accountability of all companies to the societies they operate in. the Target Fund Manager has taken the decision to divest the Target Fund Manager's investment over time.

The top contributors to performance were Novo Nordisk (+10%), Thermo Fisher (+9%) and Astra Zeneca (+10%) which all benefitted from strength across Healthcare. The top detractors were Safaricom (-4%) and Unilever (-9%) with Unilever in particular set to face increased input cost inflation pressures. Not holding Tesla (+24%) was the greatest detractor to performance.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Returns not guaranteed	The investment of the fund is subject to market fluctuations and its inherent risk. There is NO GUARANTEE on the investment returns, nor any assurance that the target fund's investment objective will be achieved.
Market risk	The value of an investment will decrease or increase due to changes in market factors i.e. economic, political or other events that impact large portions of the market. Market risk cannot be eliminated, hence the target fund's investment portfolio may be prone to changing market conditions that may result in uncertainties and fluctuations in the value of the underlying of the target fund's investment portfolio, causing the NAV or prices of units to fluctuate.
Inflation risk	This is the risk that your investment in the target fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the nominal value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.
Manager's risk	This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the target fund by Nomura which will impact the performance of the target fund, e.g. investment decisions undertaken by Nomura as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error or weakness in operational process and systems may adversely affect the performance of the target fund. In order to mitigate this risk, the implementation of internal controls and a structured investment process and operational procedures has been put in place by Nomura.
Concentration risk	As the target fund invests at least 80% of its NAV in the master fund, it is subject to concentration risk as the performance of the target fund would be dependent on the performance of the master fund.
Country risk	The investment of the target fund may be affected by risk specific to the country which it invests in. Such risks include changes in the country's economic, social and political environment. The value of the assets of the target fund may also be affected by uncertainties such as currency repatriation restrictions or other developments in the law or regulations of the country which the target fund invests in, i.e. Ireland, the domicile country of the master fund.

RISKS (CONTINUED)

Default risk

Default risk relates to the risk that an issuer of a money market instrument either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the money market instruments. This could affect the value of the target fund as up to 20% of the NAV of the target fund will be invested in liquid assets which include but are not limited to deposits and money market instruments.

Investment manager of the master fund risk

The target fund will invest in the master fund managed by a foreign asset management company. This risk refers to the risk associated with the investment manager, which include:

- i) The risk of non-adherence to the investment objective, strategy and policies of the master fund;
- ii) The risk of direct or indirect losses resulting from inadequate or failed operational and administrative processes and systems by the investment manager; and
- iii) The risk that the master fund may underperform its benchmark due to poor investment decisions by the investment manager.

Source : Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd

Date : 31 March 2022

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.