FUND OBJECTIVE

An income and absolute return focused fund that aims to provide regular income stream through investment in sukuk and Shariah-compliant equities.

| FUND DETAILS | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|---|--|--|
| Launch Date | 13 February 2015 | Domicile | Malaysia | | |
| Currency | Ringgit Malaysia | Launch Price | RM1.0000 | | |
| Units in Circulation | 9.00 million units (30 July 2020) | Fund Size | RM11.15 million (30 July 2020) | | |
| Unit NAV | RM1.2392 (30 July 2020) | Dealing | Daily (as per Bursa Malaysia trading day) | | |
| Investment Manager of the Target Fund | Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad | Target Fund | Affin Hwang Aiiman Select Income Fund | | |
| Benchmark | 70% 12-month Maybank General Investment Account (GIA) + 30% FTSE Bursa Malaysia EMAS Shariah Index (FBMSHA) | Taxation | 8% of annual investment income | | |
| Risk Profile | Suitable for investors: Have a moderate risk appetite Expect incidental growth in capital Want an investment that complies with Shariah requirements | Fees | Sun Life Malaysia does not impose any fund management charge on Sun Life Malaysia AIIMAN Select Income Fund. 1.2% pa fund management charge is applied on the target fund's NAV by by Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad. | | |

| ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE TARGET FUND | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Sukuk & Islamic Money Market Instruments | Shariah-compliant Equities | Cash & Others | | |
| Min 60%; Max 100% | Min 0%; Max 40% | Remaining Balance | | |

| Sukuk 61.80% | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Technology 9.30% | |
| Consumer Services 8.60% | |
| Financials 7.10% | |
| Health Care 4.90% | |
| Telecommunications 2.90% | |
| Consumer Goods 1.70% | |
| Industrials 1.60% | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalent 2.20% | |
| Total 100.0% | |

| TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (SUKUK) | | | | |
|--|--------|---------------|------|--|
| Bonds Issuer | Coupon | Maturity Date | % | |
| Lebuhraya DUKE Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd | 5.95% | 23.08.34 | 4.8 | |
| WCT Holdings Bhd | 5.80% | 27.09.49 | 4.3 | |
| MEX II Sdn Bhd 5.90% 27.04.29 | | | 4.1 | |
| YTL Power International Bhd | 5.05% | 03.05.27 | 3.5 | |
| Westports Malaysia Sdn Bhd | 4.53% | 01.04.27 | 3.4 | |
| TOP HOLDINGS OF THE TARGET FUND (EQUITIES) | | | | |
| Alibaba Group Holding Ltd | | | 5.0% | |
| Tencent Holdings Ltd | | | 3.7% | |
| Taiwan Semiconductor Manufac | | | 2.2% | |
| Samsung Electronics Co Ltd | | | 2.0% | |
| Singapore Telecom Ltd | | | | |

PERFORMANCE RECORD

This fund feeds into Affin Hwang AIIMAN Select Income Fund ("target fund") with the objective to provide investors with regular income stream through Shariah-compliant investments. The target fund will invest in a diversified portfolio of Sukuks, Shariah-compliant equities and Islamic money market instruments.

Table below shows the investment returns of Sun Life Malaysia AIIMAN Select Income Fund versus its benchmark as at 30 July 2020:

| % | YTD | 1M | 6M | 1-Year | 3-Year | 5-Year | Since Inception |
|-----------|------|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|
| Fund* | 3.83 | 4.65 | 4.37 | 6.23 | 12.22 | 24.82 | 23.92 |
| Benchmark | 5.08 | 3.52 | 5.93 | 5.99 | 9.52 | 16.59 | 16.66 |

^{*} Calculation of past performance is based on NAV-to-NAV

Notice: Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance which may differ. The fund performance is not guaranteed.



FUND MANAGER'S COMMENTS

- The MSCI Asia ex-Japan index rose 6.9% in July benefitting from the USD weakness. The local market tracked regional gains with the KLCI closing 6.9% higher.
- While local equities continue to recover from its March lows, the rally had been concentrated in a handful of names including tech and glove makers, while most of the local benchmark constituents remains in the red year to date.
- MYR Fixed Income market had a strong month after BNM cut the OPR further by 25bps, its fourth consecutive reduction, during the July MPC meeting. The OPR now stands at 1.75% the lowest since the rate was introduced in 2004. The main rationale is to accelerate the economic recovery.
- Buying activity picked up during the month as the market did not price in the rate cut. The government bond yield curve bull flattened with interest returning to longer dated bonds as valuations were deemed attractive and as market shrugged off supply concerns due to the higher fiscal deficit.
- Consumer prices contracted in June with CPI printing at -1.9% year-on-year. The slight improvement from -2.9% in May was attributed to the transport component, as retail pump prices rose due to improvement in global commodity prices.
- **STRATEGY:** During the month, the fund's duration leaned towards a lengthening bias in anticipation of market recovery.
- The fund increased fixed income exposure to 63%, adding some longer dated corporate and government sukuk. On the equity side, increased exposure to 35%, adding glove makers, and regional tech names.
- We expect demand for sukuk to remain strong in the near term due to the still ample liquidity. There could be further
 interest from local investors looking for higher returns versus deposit rates.
- We favor government sukuk and quasi sovereigns over corporate sukuk. For corporate sukuk, we continue to prefer primary offerings for better entry levels.

RISKS

All investment carries some form of risks. The potential key risks include but are not limited to the following:

Credit/Default risk

This risk concerns with issuers of Sukuks and Islamic money market instruments. The risk arises when an issuer is unable to service any coupon payments or pay the principal amount upon maturity. If such defaults were to occur, the target fund will record significant losses with respect to the NAV and will also be forced to forfeit any coupon entitlements. For Islamic money market instruments, the risk is that the issuers of such instruments may not make timely payment of interest and principal. In the event of any default in the payment of the interest and principal, the value of the target fund may be adversely affected. The management of credit risk is largely accounted for by Affin Hwang's management of issuer-specific risk. This refers to the emphasis on credit analysis conducted to determine issuer's or guarantor's ability to service promised payments.

Counterparty risk

This risk concerns with the target fund's investment in Shariah-compliant derivatives where the other party in an agreement may default on the terms of the agreement. Generally, counterparty risk can be reduced by emphasis on credit analysis of the counterparty to determine its creditworthiness.

Interest rate risk

Prices of Sukuks are subject to interest rate fluctuations. Generally, movement in interest rates affects the prices inversely. For example, when interest rates rise, prices of Sukuks will fall. The fluctuations of the prices of Sukuks will also have an impact on the NAV of the target fund. This risk can largely be eliminated by holding the Sukuks until their maturity. Affin Hwang also manages interest rate risk by considering each Sukuk's sensitivity to interest rate changes as measured by its duration. When interest rates are expected to increase, the target fund would then likely seek to switch to Sukuk which have a lower duration and are less sensitive to interest rate changes.

Equity investment risk

The buying and selling of equities carry a number of risks. The most important being the volatility of the capital markets on which those securities are traded and the general insolvency risk associated with the issuers of equities. The value of an equity investment also depends on its earnings potential, sound management, treatment of minority shareholders, as well as a myriad of other factors. Failure to achieve the expected earnings would result in declining investment value which in turn affects the performance of the target fund. This risk could be mitigated by diversifying the target fund's portfolio. Affin Hwang will employ stringent stock selection criteria which would effectively filter its stock components to equities which can provide income to the target fund.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises in two scenarios. The first is where an investment cannot be sold due to unavailability of a buyer for that investment. The second scenario exists where the investment, by its nature, is thinly traded. This will have the effect of causing the investment to be sold below its fair value.

Currency risk

Whilst the target fund is denominated in RM, investments in countries other than Malaysia will cause the target fund to be exposed to currency risks.



| RISKS (CONTINUED) | |
|--|---|
| Regulatory risk | The investments of the target fund will be exposed to changes in the laws and regulations in the countries the target fund is invested in. These regulatory changes pose a risk to the target fund as it may materially impact the investments of the target fund. In an effort to manage and mitigate such risk, Affin Hwang seeks to continuously keep abreast of regulatory developments (for example, by closely monitoring announcements on regulators' website and mainstream medias) in that country. Affin Hwang may dispose its investments in that particular country should the regulatory changes adversely impact the unit holders' interest or diminish returns to the target fund. |
| Country risk | Since the investments for the target fund may consist of investments issued in various countries in addition to Malaysia, the foreign investment portion of the target fund may be affected by the risks specific to the countries in which it invests. Such risks include changes in a country's economic fundamentals, changes in social and political stability and foreign investment policies, which may have an adverse impact on the target fund's investments. |
| Reclassification of Shariah status risk | This risk refers to the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant securities by the target fund may be reclassified to be Shariah non-compliant. If this occurs, then the value of the target fund may be adversely affected and Affiin Hwang will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities in accordance with the advice from the Shariah Adviser. |

Source : Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad

Date : 30 July 2020

Disclaimer:

The benchmark performance is not a guide to future performances which may differ. The performance of the fund is not guaranteed. The value of the fund will fluctuate and may fall below the amount of premiums paid and the fund value depends on the actual performance of the underlying investment. This material is for information purposes only and is subject to change at any time without notice. Sun Life Malaysia does not guarantee its accuracy, completeness, correctness or timeliness for any purpose or reason. This information should not be considered as advice or recommendation in relation to your account or particular investment objectives, financial situation or needs. You may not revise, transform, or build upon this material without prior written consent of Sun Life Malaysia. Before acting on any information you should seek independent financial advice. Sun Life Malaysia may suspend the unit pricing and defer the payment of benefits, other than death and total and permanent disability benefits, subscription or redemption of units, switching of funds, under this contract for a reasonable period in exceptional circumstances, such as and including intervening events resulting in temporary closure of any stock exchange.